

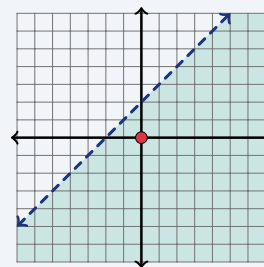
Graphing Linear Inequalities

Name: _____ Date: _____ Score: _____ / 18

Quick Review and Helpful Hints

To graph a two-variable inequality, first draw the boundary line: use a *dashed* line for $<$ or $>$ (the line is not included) and a *solid* line for \leq or \geq . Then *shade* the side that makes it true – test a point such as $(0, 0)$: if it works, shade its side. For $y >$ or $y \geq$ shade above the line; for $y <$ or $y \leq$ shade below.

▷ **Example:** Describe the graph of $y < x + 2$, and test whether $(0, 0)$ is a solution. **Work:** The symbol is $<$, so the boundary $y = x + 2$ is dashed. Test $(0, 0)$: $0 < 0 + 2$ means $0 < 2$, which is true, so $(0, 0)$ is a solution and you shade its side (below the line). ★ **Answer:** dashed; $(0, 0)$ is a solution

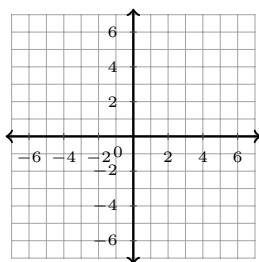


$y < x + 2$: dashed line, shade below.

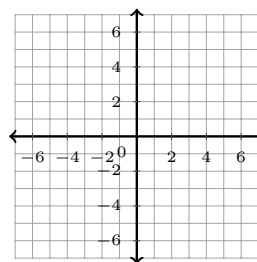
Practice Problems

Graph each inequality on the coordinate plane, then answer the question about its solution region.

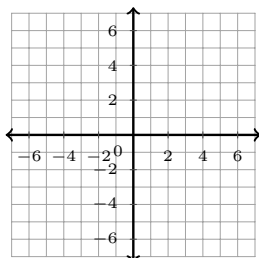
1. Graph $y < x + 2$. Is $(0, 0)$ a solution?



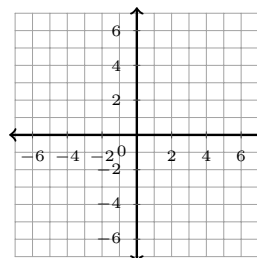
3. Graph $y \leq x$. Is $(2, 1)$ a solution?



2. Graph $y > 2x$. Is $(1, 5)$ a solution?



4. Graph $y > x + 1$. Is $(0, 0)$ a solution?



5. Graph $y \geq x$. Is $(3, 3)$ a solution?



9. Graph $y \geq x + 2$. Is $(-1, 0)$ a solution?



6. Graph $y < x$. Is $(1, 0)$ a solution?



10. Graph $y < x - 1$. Is $(4, 2)$ a solution?



7. Graph $y \leq 2x + 1$. Is $(0, 4)$ a solution?



11. Graph $y \leq -x + 3$. Is $(0, 0)$ a solution?



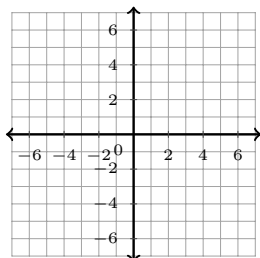
8. Graph $y > x + 2$. Is $(2, 5)$ a solution?



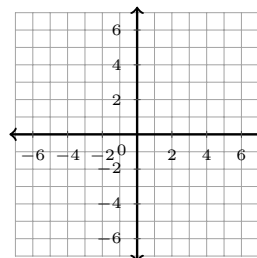
12. Graph $y \leq 2x + 1$. Is the boundary solid or dashed?



13. Graph $y > x - 3$. Is the boundary solid or dashed?



14. Graph $y < 2x$. Shade above or below the line?



◆ Word Problems

15. For the inequality $y \geq 3x - 1$, is the boundary line solid or dashed?

17. For $y \leq x$, do you shade above or below the boundary line?

16. Test the point $(0, 0)$ in $y > x + 4$. Is it a solution?

18. Is the point $(2, 2)$ a solution of $y \geq 2x - 2$?



Answer Keys

1.

2.

3.

4.

5.

6.

7.

8.

9.

10.

11.

12.

13.

14.

15.

16.

17.

18.

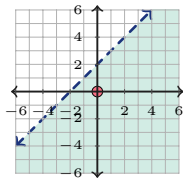


Graph Answer Sketches

Shaded regions show the solutions. Dashed boundary lines are not included; solid boundary lines are included.

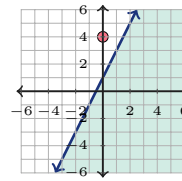
1. $y < x + 2$

yes



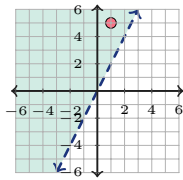
7. $y \leq 2x + 1$

no



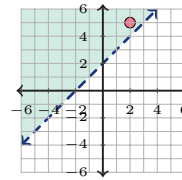
2. $y > 2x$

yes



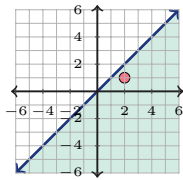
8. $y > x + 2$

yes



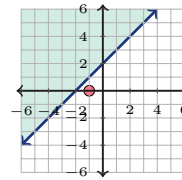
3. $y \leq x$

yes



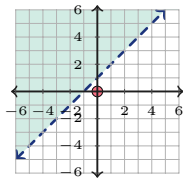
9. $y \geq x + 2$

no



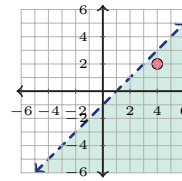
4. $y > x + 1$

no



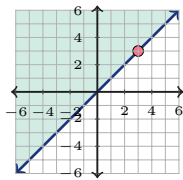
10. $y < x - 1$

yes



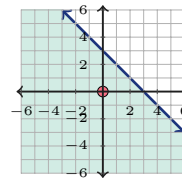
5. $y \geq x$

yes



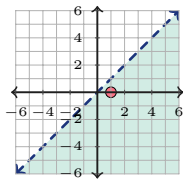
11. $y \leq -x + 3$

yes



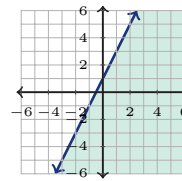
6. $y < x$

yes



12. $y \leq 2x + 1$

solid



13. $y > x - 3$

dashed



14. $y < 2x$

below



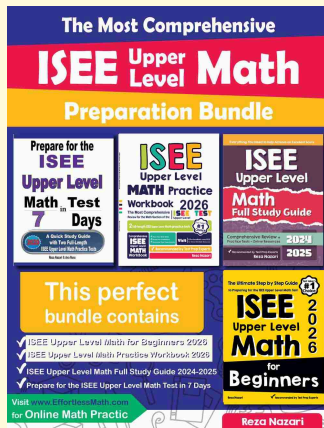
Step-by-Step Explanations

1. Start by naming the process: Read what the problem is asking, choose the matching rule, write the setup, and then simplify one step at a time. The setup/work is Plug in the point: is $0 < 0 + 2$? Since $0 < 2$ is true, $(0, 0)$ is a solution. So the final answer is yes.
2. A good way to think about this is: Read what the problem is asking, choose the matching rule, write the setup, and then simplify one step at a time. The setup/work is Check: is $5 > 2(1) = 2$? Since $5 > 2$ is true, yes. So the final answer is yes.
3. Step by step: Read what the problem is asking, choose the matching rule, write the setup, and then simplify one step at a time. The setup/work is Check: is $1 \leq 2$? True, so yes. So the final answer is yes.
4. Take it one move at a time: Read what the problem is asking, choose the matching rule, write the setup, and then simplify one step at a time. The setup/work is Check: is $0 > 0 + 1 = 1$? Since $0 > 1$ is false, no. So the final answer is no.
5. Start by naming the process: Read what the problem is asking, choose the matching rule, write the setup, and then simplify one step at a time. The setup/work is Check: is $3 \geq 3$? Equal counts for \geq , so yes. So the final answer is yes.
6. A good way to think about this is: Read what the problem is asking, choose the matching rule, write the setup, and then simplify one step at a time. The setup/work is Check: is $0 < 1$? True, so yes. So the final answer is yes.
7. Step by step: Read what the problem is asking, choose the matching rule, write the setup, and then simplify one step at a time. The setup/work is Check: is $4 \leq 2(0) + 1 = 1$? Since $4 \leq 1$ is false, no. So the final answer is no.
8. Take it one move at a time: Read what the problem is asking, choose the matching rule, write the setup, and then simplify one step at a time. The setup/work is Check: is $5 > 2 + 2 = 4$? True, so yes. So the final answer is yes.
9. Start by naming the process: Read what the problem is asking, choose the matching rule, write the setup, and then simplify one step at a time. The setup/work is Check: is $0 \geq -1 + 2 = 1$? Since $0 \geq 1$ is false, no. So the final answer is no.
10. A good way to think about this is: Read what the problem is asking, choose the matching rule, write the setup, and then simplify one step at a time. The setup/work is Check: is $2 < 4 - 1 = 3$? True, so yes. So the final answer is yes.
11. Step by step: Read what the problem is asking, choose the matching rule, write the setup, and then simplify one step at a time. The setup/work is Check: is $0 \leq -0 + 3 = 3$? True, so yes. So the final answer is yes.
12. Take it one move at a time: Read what the problem is asking, choose the matching rule, write the setup, and then simplify one step at a time. The setup/work is Since the symbol is \leq , the boundary line is included, so draw it solid. So the final answer is solid.
13. Since the symbol is $>$ (strict), the boundary is not included, so draw it dashed.
14. A good way to think about this is: Read what the problem is asking, choose the matching rule, write the setup, and then simplify one step at a time. The setup/work is For $y <$, the solutions lie below the boundary line, so shade below. So the final answer is below.
15. Step by step: Read what the problem is asking, choose the matching rule, write the setup, and then simplify one step at a time. The setup/work is The symbol \geq includes the boundary, so the line is solid. So the final answer is solid.
16. Take it one move at a time: Read what the problem is asking, choose the matching rule, write the setup, and then simplify one step at a time. The setup/work is Check $(0, 0)$ in $y > x + 4$: is $0 > 0 + 4 = 4$? Since $0 > 4$ is false, no. So the final answer is no.
17. Start by naming the process: Read what the problem is asking, choose the matching rule, write the setup, and then simplify one step at a time. The setup/work is For $y \leq$, the solutions lie below the line, so shade below. So the final answer is below.
18. A good way to think about this is: Read what the problem is asking, choose the matching rule, write the setup, and then simplify one step at a time. The setup/work is Check $(2, 2)$ in $y \geq 2x - 2$: is $2 \geq 2(2) - 2 = 2$? Equal counts for \geq , so yes. So the final answer is yes.



Keep Building ISEE Upper-Level Math Skills

Recommended Effortless Math resources

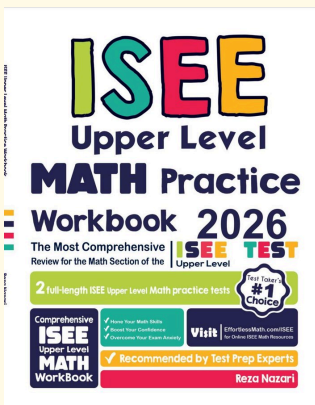


Use the complete ISEE Upper-Level Math resource for review, worked examples, extra practice, and test-style questions after each worksheet.



Scan Me
Download Instantly

STUDENT FAVORITE - ISEE Upper Level Math Practice Workbook 2026



ISEE Upper Level Math Practice Workbook 2026

Step-by-step lessons, topic practice, and full review support for students who want a calm path through ISEE Upper-Level Math preparation.

A strong companion for self-study, tutoring, homework, and targeted review.

PDF Edition



Scan Me
Download Instantly