

# Graphing Absolute Value Inequalities

Name: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_ Score: \_\_\_\_\_ / 33

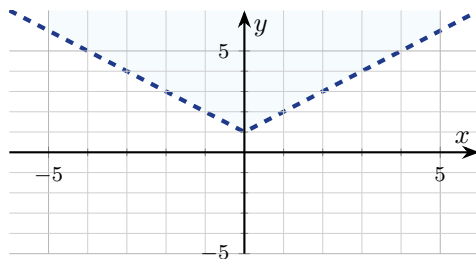
## Q Quick Review

Graphing  $y$ -vs- $x$  absolute-value inequalities combines two skills: graphing the V-shaped curve  $y = a|x - h| + k$ , and shading the right half of the plane. Start with the boundary V-curve, just as if it were an equation. The vertex is  $(h, k)$ ; the slopes of the two arms are  $+a$  (right side) and  $-a$  (left side). If  $a < 0$  the V opens downward; if  $|a| > 1$  it's narrower than the parent,  $|a| < 1$  wider. Make the boundary **solid** for  $\leq$  or  $\geq$ , **dashed** for strict  $<$  or  $>$ . To decide which side to shade, plug in a test point not on the V. The origin works unless it sits on the curve. If the test makes the inequality true, shade that region; otherwise shade the other side. *Rule of thumb:*  $y > |x|$  shades *above* the V (interior);  $y < |x|$  shades *below and outside* (everywhere the V doesn't reach).

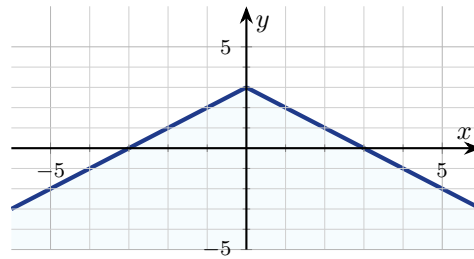
## PRACTICE

Solve, describe, or sketch as directed.

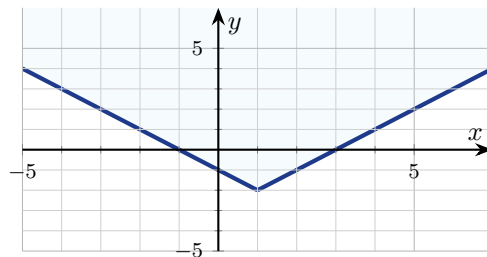
1. Vertex of  $y \geq |x - 2| + 1$  \_\_\_\_\_
2. Solid or dashed:  $y > |x| + 3$  \_\_\_\_\_
3. Shade above or below for  $y \geq |x|$  \_\_\_\_\_
4. Test  $(0, 0)$  in  $y > |x| - 2$ . \_\_\_\_\_
5. Vertex of  $y < -|x + 3| + 4$  \_\_\_\_\_
6. Is  $(2, 5)$  a solution of  $y \geq |x| + 1$ ? \_\_\_\_\_
7. Direction the V opens for  $y = -2|x - 1| + 3$  \_\_\_\_\_
8. Slope of the right arm of  $y = 3|x| - 5$  \_\_\_\_\_
9. Width: narrower or wider than parent?  $y = \frac{1}{2}|x|$  \_\_\_\_\_
10. Is  $(0, -1)$  a solution of  $y < -|x| + 2$ ? \_\_\_\_\_
11. Vertex of  $y \leq |2x - 4|$  \_\_\_\_\_
12. Boundary line type:  $y \leq |x| + 1$  \_\_\_\_\_
13. Which inequality describes the region above the dashed V with vertex  $(0, 1)$  shown below? \_\_\_\_\_



14. Which inequality matches the solid V below opening downward with vertex (0, 3) and shading inside? \_\_\_\_\_

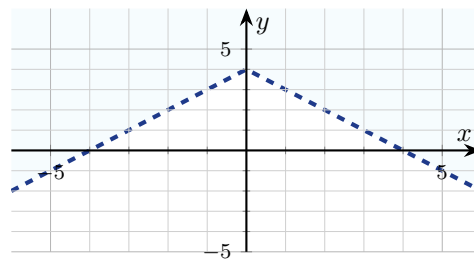


15. Sketch the region for  $y \geq |x - 1| - 2$  below, then name the boundary equation. \_\_\_\_\_



16. Vertex and direction of  $y > -|x|$  \_\_\_\_\_

17. Use the graph to describe the shaded region for  $y > -|x| + 4$ . \_\_\_\_\_



18. Is (1, 0) a solution of  $y \geq |x| - 2$ ? \_\_\_\_\_

19. Boundary slopes of  $y > 3|x + 2|$  \_\_\_\_\_

20. Test (0, 0) in  $y > |x - 1| + 2$ . \_\_\_\_\_

◆ Word Problems

21. A drone's altitude  $y$  must stay above the path  $y \geq |x - 5| + 10$  (with  $x$  in horizontal distance, meters). What is the lowest altitude the drone is allowed to reach, and where does that happen? \_\_\_\_\_

22. A safety zone around a fence is described by  $y < -|x| + 6$  (with  $x$  horizontal and  $y$  vertical, meters). Is the point (2, 3) inside the safety zone? \_\_\_\_\_

23. A landing pad is bounded by  $y \leq |x| + 2$  (above the V). If  $y$  measures meters above ground and a helicopter hovers at (0, 1), is it inside or outside the bound? \_\_\_\_\_

24. A V-shaped park trail is described by  $y = |x|$  (in miles). A safety boundary requires walking inside the region  $y > |x| - 1$ . Is the location (2, 0) inside the safe region? \_\_\_\_\_



**Additional Practice**

25. Solve  $|x - 4| = 9$ . \_\_\_\_\_

26. Solve  $|2x + 1| < 7$ . \_\_\_\_\_

27. Solve  $|x + 3| \geq 5$ . \_\_\_\_\_

28. Find the vertex of  $y = |x - 2| - 3$ . \_\_\_\_\_

29. Find the axis of symmetry of  $y = |x + 5| + 1$ . \_\_\_\_\_

30. Solve  $3|x| - 6 = 12$ . \_\_\_\_\_

31. Solve  $|x - 1| + 4 \leq 10$ . \_\_\_\_\_

32. State the range of  $y = |x + 2| - 8$ . \_\_\_\_\_

33. Solve  $|4x - 8| > 12$ . \_\_\_\_\_



## Answer Keys

1.  $(2, 1)$
2. dashed
3. above (interior of V)
4. true
5.  $(-3, 4)$
6. yes
7. downward
8. 3
9. wider
10. yes
11.  $(2, 0)$
12. solid
13.  $y > |x| + 1$
14.  $y \leq -|x| + 3$
15.  $y = |x - 1| - 2$
16.  $(0, 0)$ , downward
17. above the V
18. yes
19.  $\pm 3$
20. false
21.  $y = 10$  m at  $x = 5$
22. yes
23. inside the bound
24. no

## Additional Practice Answers

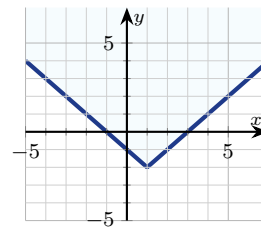
25.  $x = -5, 13$
26.  $-4 < x < 3$
27.  $x \leq -8$  or  $x \geq 2$
28.  $(2, -3)$
29.  $x = -5$
30.  $x = -6, 6$
31.  $-5 \leq x \leq 7$
32.  $y \geq -8$
33.  $x < -1$  or  $x > 5$

**Additional Practice:** Answers for all numbered items, including the added practice, are shown in the grid above.

## Step-by-Step Explanations

1. The boundary V is  $y = |x - 2| + 1$ . Read the shifts:  $x - 2$  inside moves the vertex right 2, and  $+1$  outside moves it up 1. So the vertex lands at  $(2, 1)$ .
2. The symbol is a strict  $>$ , so points exactly on the V are not solutions. Draw the boundary dashed (solid is only for  $\leq$  or  $\geq$ ).
3. One steady path is:  $y \geq$  stuff shades on or above the curve — the region inside the upward-opening V. That gives a quick check on the answer.
4. Start with the key idea:  $0 > |0| - 2 = -2$  is true. Origin is in the shaded region. This is the part to check before moving on, because it keeps the answer tied to the original question.
5. Compare to  $y = a|x - h| + k$ : the  $+3$  inside means  $h = -3$  (left 3), and  $+4$  outside means  $k = 4$  (up 4), so the vertex is  $(-3, 4)$ . The leading negative just flips the V downward — it doesn't move the vertex.
6. Keep the rule visible:  $|2| + 1 = 3$ , and  $5 \geq 3$  is true. This is the part to check before moving on, because it keeps the answer tied to the original question.
7. Coefficient  $-2$  is negative  $\Rightarrow$  V opens downward. The narrow shape comes from the  $| - 2| = 2 > 1$  steepness.
8. For  $x > 0$ ,  $|x| = x$ , so the right arm is  $y = 3x - 5$  — slope 3. (The left arm, where  $|x| = -x$ , has slope  $-3$ . The two arms always have opposite slopes  $\pm a$ .)
9. A careful way to see it:  $|a| = \frac{1}{2} < 1$  flattens the V  $\Rightarrow$  wider than  $y = |x|$ . This is the part to check before moving on, because it keeps the answer tied to the original question.
10. Keep the rule visible:  $-|0| + 2 = 2$ , and  $-1 < 2$  is true. This is the part to check before moving on, because it keeps the answer tied to the original question.
11. One steady path is: Rewrite:  $|2x - 4| = |2(x - 2)| = 2|x - 2|$ . Vertex at  $(2, 0)$ , slope 2 on each side. That gives a quick check on the answer.
12. The  $\leq$  includes "or equal to," so points on the V are solutions. Draw the boundary solid (dashed is only for strict  $<$  or  $>$ ).
13. Vertex at  $(0, 1)$  with arms going up at slope  $\pm 1$  gives boundary  $y = |x| + 1$ . Dashed  $\Rightarrow$  strict; above the V  $\Rightarrow y >$ .
14. Vertex  $(0, 3)$ , downward arms with slope  $\mp 1$  give boundary  $y = -|x| + 3$ . Solid  $\Rightarrow$  inclusive; inside (below)  $\Rightarrow y \leq$ .
15. The boundary is  $y = |x - 1| - 2$ : vertex at  $(1, -2)$  with arms of slope  $\pm 1$ . Draw it solid since the symbol is  $\geq$ . Because  $y$  is at-or-above the V, shade the interior (everything on or above the curve).

## Answer graph



16. Start with the key idea: Vertex at origin, arms going down (coefficient  $-1$ ). Strict, so dashed. That gives a quick check on the answer.
17. A careful way to see it:  $y >$  stuff  $\Rightarrow$  shade above the downward V. (The shaded region is the wide area above the inverted V.) That gives a quick check on the answer.
18. Keep the rule visible:  $|1| - 2 = -1$ , and  $0 \geq -1$  is true. This is the part to check before moving on, because it keeps the answer tied to the original question.
19. The coefficient 3 sets the steepness of both arms: the right arm has slope  $+3$  and the left arm  $-3$ . The  $+2$  inside puts the vertex at  $(-2, 0)$ , but the slopes are still  $\pm 3$ .
20. Start with the key idea:  $|0 - 1| + 2 = 3$ , and  $0 > 3$  is false. Origin is below the V. This is the part to check before moving on, because it keeps the answer tied to the original question.
21. The vertex of  $y = |x - 5| + 10$  is at  $(5, 10)$  — the lowest point of the V. The drone must stay above (or on) the curve, so the floor is 10 m, reached at  $x = 5$ .
22. Keep the rule visible:  $-|2| + 6 = 4$ , and  $3 < 4$  is true. The point lies strictly below the boundary  $\Rightarrow$  inside the zone. That gives a quick check on the answer.
23. At  $x = 0$ , the boundary is  $y = |0| + 2 = 2$ . The inequality  $y \leq 2$  holds for the hovering point  $(0, 1)$ . So it's inside (below the V).
24. Start with the key idea:  $|2| - 1 = 1$ , and  $0 > 1$  is false. Point  $(2, 0)$  lies below the boundary  $V y = |x| - 1$ , so it's not in the safe region. That gives a quick check on the answer.



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