

Solving Systems by Elimination

Name: _____

Date: _____

Score: _____ / 24

Q Quick Review

Elimination method: combine the two equations (by adding or subtracting them) to eliminate one variable. Steps: **(1)** line up like terms; **(2)** if needed, multiply one or both equations so that one variable's coefficients are opposites; **(3)** add the equations — one variable disappears; **(4)** solve the resulting one-variable equation; **(5)** substitute back to find the other variable. Elimination is best when neither equation is conveniently solved for a variable. Same special outcomes as before: $0 = 0$ means infinitely many solutions, $0 = \text{nonzero}$ means no solution.

PRACTICE

Solve each system by elimination.

- | | | | |
|---------------------------------|-------|-----------------------------------|-------|
| 1. $x + y = 10, x - y = 2$ | _____ | 11. $2x - y = 5, 3x + y = 15$ | _____ |
| 2. $2x + y = 7, 2x - y = 1$ | _____ | 12. $x + 3y = 10, 2x - y = 6$ | _____ |
| 3. $3x + 2y = 12, 3x - y = 6$ | _____ | 13. $4x - 3y = 7, 2x + 3y = 5$ | _____ |
| 4. $x + 2y = 8, x - y = 2$ | _____ | 14. $x + y = 8, x + y = 8$ | _____ |
| 5. $5x + 3y = 17, 2x - 3y = -3$ | _____ | 15. $5x + 2y = 4, 5x + 2y = 10$ | _____ |
| 6. $4x + y = 11, 2x + y = 7$ | _____ | 16. $6x + 5y = 23, -6x + y = -11$ | _____ |
| 7. $3x + 2y = 8, x + y = 3$ | _____ | 17. $3x - 4y = 5, 6x + 4y = 22$ | _____ |
| 8. $2x + 3y = 13, x - y = 1$ | _____ | 18. $x + y = 6, x - y = 0$ | _____ |
| 9. $x + y = 5, 2x + 2y = 10$ | _____ | 19. $7x + 2y = 24, 3x - 2y = 6$ | _____ |
| 10. $3x + y = 5, 3x + y = 7$ | _____ | 20. $5x - y = 11, 2x + y = 9$ | _____ |

◆ Word Problems

21. A number puzzle says two numbers have a sum of 30 and a difference of 8. Write a system and find the two numbers.

22. A bakery sold 40 croissants and 50 muffins for \$185. The next day it sold 30 croissants and 20 muffins for \$116. Find the price of each.

23. Adult tickets are \$10, children's \$6. Total tickets: 200; total revenue: \$1600. How many of each?

24. A boat travels 30 miles downstream in 2 hours and 30 miles upstream in 3 hours. Find the boat speed and current speed.



Scan Me

Answer Keys

- | | |
|---|---|
| <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. (6, 4) 2. (2, 3) 3. (8/3, 2) 4. (4, 2) 5. (2, 7/3) 6. (2, 3) 7. (2, 1) 8. (3.2, 2.2) 9. infinitely many 10. no solution 11. (4, 3) 12. (4, 2) | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 13. (2, 1/3) 14. infinitely many 15. no solution 16. (13/6, 2) 17. (3, 1) 18. (3, 3) 19. (3, 3/2) 20. (20/7, 23/7) 21. 19 and 11 22. \$3 croissant, \$1.30 muffin 23. 100 adult, 100 child 24. $b = 12.5$, $c = 2.5$ mph |
|---|---|

Step-by-Step Tutor Notes

1. For a table question, slow down and locate the exact row, column, or cell before calculating. Add: $2x = 12 \Rightarrow x = 6$, $y = 4$. This gives (6, 4).
2. For a table question, slow down and locate the exact row, column, or cell before calculating. Add: $4x = 8 \Rightarrow x = 2$, $y = 3$. This gives (2, 3).
3. Read the table by matching the correct row and column first, then use the count or total that fits the question. Subtract: $3y = 6 \Rightarrow y = 2$. Then $3x + 4 = 12 \Rightarrow x = \frac{8}{3}$. This gives (8/3, 2).
4. Read the table by matching the correct row and column first, then use the count or total that fits the question. Subtract: $3y = 6 \Rightarrow y = 2$, $x = 4$. This gives (4, 2).
5. For a table question, slow down and locate the exact row, column, or cell before calculating. Add: $7x = 14 \Rightarrow x = 2$. Then $10 + 3y = 17 \Rightarrow y = \frac{7}{3}$. This gives (2, 7/3).
6. Read the table by matching the correct row and column first, then use the count or total that fits the question. Subtract: $2x = 4 \Rightarrow x = 2$, $y = 3$. This gives (2, 3).
7. Move carefully through the arithmetic; one clean operation usually unlocks the next one. Multiply second by -2 : $-2x - 2y = -6$. Add: $x = 2$, $y = 1$. After simplifying, the answer is (2, 1).
8. Multiply second by -2 : $-2x + 2y = -2$. Add: $5y = 11 \Rightarrow y = \frac{11}{5} = 2.2$. Then $x = \frac{16}{5} = 3.2$.
9. This is a good place to slow down, check the notation, and simplify cleanly. Second is twice the first — same line. So the answer is infinitely many.
10. Keep the order of operations in view, then simplify without skipping the sign check. Subtract: $0 = -2$. False — parallel lines. After simplifying, the answer is no solution.
11. Read the table by matching the correct row and column first, then use the count or total that fits the question. Add: $5x = 20 \Rightarrow x = 4$, $y = 3$. This gives (4, 3).
12. Multiply second by 3: $6x - 3y = 18$. Add to first: $7x = 28 \Rightarrow x = 4$, $y = 2$.
13. Read the table by matching the correct row and column first, then use the count or total that fits the question. Add: $6x = 12 \Rightarrow x = 2$. Then $8 - 3y = 7 \Rightarrow y = \frac{1}{3}$. This gives (2, 1/3).
14. This is a good place to slow down, check the notation, and simplify cleanly. Same equation. So the answer is infinitely many.
15. Use the clue in the question first, then let the arithmetic finish the job. Same left side, different right — parallel. So the answer is no solution.
16. Use the labels on the display first; they tell you which count or total belongs in the answer. Add: $6y = 12 \Rightarrow y = 2$. Then $-6x + 2 = -11 \Rightarrow -6x = -13 \Rightarrow x = \frac{13}{6}$. This gives (13/6, 2).
17. Use the labels on the display first; they tell you which count or total belongs in the answer. Add: $9x = 27 \Rightarrow x = 3$, then $9 - 4y = 5 \Rightarrow y = 1$. This gives (3, 1).
18. Use the labels on the display first; they tell you which count or total belongs in the answer. Add: $2x = 6 \Rightarrow x = 3$, $y = 3$. This gives (3, 3).
19. Use the labels on the display first; they tell you which count or total belongs in the answer. Add: $10x = 30 \Rightarrow x = 3$, then $21 + 2y = 24 \Rightarrow y = \frac{3}{2}$. This gives (3, 3/2).
20. Read the table by matching the correct row and column first, then use the count or total that fits the question. Add: $7x = 20 \Rightarrow x = \frac{20}{7}$. Then $y = 9 - 2x = \frac{23}{7}$. This gives (20/7, 23/7).
21. For a table question, slow down and locate the exact row, column, or cell before calculating. $x + y = 30$, $x - y = 8$. Add: $2x = 38 \Rightarrow x = 19$, $y = 11$. This gives 19 and 11.
22. $40c + 50m = 185$, $30c + 20m = 116$. Multiply first by 3, second by 4: $120c + 150m = 555$ and $120c + 80m = 464$. Subtract: $70m = 91 \Rightarrow m = 1.30$. Substitute back: $30c + 20(1.30) = 116$, so $30c = 90$ and $c = 3$.
23. $a + c = 200$, $10a + 6c = 1600$. Multiply first by -6 : $-6a - 6c = -1200$. Add: $4a = 400 \Rightarrow a = 100$, $c = 100$.
24. $b + c = 15$ (downstream), $b - c = 10$ (upstream). Add: $2b = 25 \Rightarrow b = 12.5$, $c = 2.5$.



Scan Me

Want a Full Algebra 1 Textbook? Try Our Louisiana LEAP Made Simple Book!



Louisiana LEAP Algebra I Made Ridiculously Simple

The friendly, step-by-step Algebra 1 textbook
Plain-English explanations, guided practice, and
review support.



Scan Me

Full Lessons Inside

Concepts
Practice
Mastery

Important: All our test books contain **unique, completely different tests** from each other! Each book offers fresh practice questions—no repeats!

5 Practice Tests

- ✓ 5 complete practice tests with detailed explanations
- ✓ Perfect foundation for LEAP test preparation
- ✓ Builds confidence and test-taking skills
- ✓ High-quality questions aligned with state standards

Start your practice journey!

6 Practice Tests

- ✓ 6 complete practice tests with detailed explanations
- ✓ **Unique tests**—different from the 5 tests book
- ✓ Perfect for more practice after mastering 5 tests
- ✓ Builds even more confidence and test-taking skills
- ✓ Same high-quality questions aligned with standards

Take your practice to the next level!

7 Practice Tests

- ✓ 7 complete practice tests for maximum preparation
- ✓ **Unique tests**—different from 5 and 6 tests books
- ✓ The most comprehensive practice for Algebra 1
- ✓ Ideal for students aiming for top scores
- ✓ Extensive practice builds mastery and confidence

Go all the way with comprehensive practice!

☐ STUDENT FAVORITE • Master Algebra I From the Ground Up ☐



Algebra I for Beginners

Written by a top math teacher & aligned with national and state Algebra I courses. From linear equations to graphing quadratics — explained the easy way.

- ✓ **Complete coverage** of every Algebra I concept — perfect companion to these worksheets
- ✓ **Step-by-step explanations** with worked examples on every topic
- ✓ **QR codes in every chapter** for free video lessons & bonus practice
- ✓ **2 full-length practice tests** with detailed answer keys

- ✓ 100% Guaranteed
- ✓ Lifetime Support
- ✓ Trusted by Teachers

Start Your Algebra
Journey Today! →

★ STUDENT'S #1 CHOICE ★

Teacher-recommended • 12,000+ Happy Students

↓ PDF EDITION



Scan Me

Instant download • any device

☐ PAPERBACK



Scan Me

Paperback on Amazon

Hold it in your hands

Pair these free worksheets with *Algebra I for Beginners* and you have a complete self-paced course — concept lessons, daily practice, and full exam-style reviews, all in one path. →

EffortlessMath.com/product/algebra-i-for-beginners