

Estimating Expressions with Irrational Numbers

Name: _____ Date: _____ Score: _____ / 24

Quick Review

When an expression mixes irrational numbers with ordinary arithmetic, the plan is simple: **estimate each irrational piece first**, then do the adding, subtracting, or multiplying. Replace a square root with a close decimal — for instance $\sqrt{2} \approx 1.4$ or $\sqrt{8} \approx 2.8$ — and use $\pi \approx 3.14$. Then carry out the operation as usual and round at the end. You can also *compare* two irrational expressions by estimating both. A handy check: a bigger number under the radical always gives a bigger square root, so $\sqrt{20} > \sqrt{15}$ without any calculation at all.

◇ **Example:** Estimate $\sqrt{10} + \sqrt{5}$ to the nearest tenth.
 ⇒ Tackle each root on its own first. For $\sqrt{10}$: since $3.1^2 = 9.61$ and $3.2^2 = 10.24$, we get $\sqrt{10} \approx 3.2$. For $\sqrt{5}$: since $2.2^2 = 4.84$ and $2.3^2 = 5.29$, we get $\sqrt{5} \approx 2.2$. Now just add the estimates: $3.2 + 2.2 = 5.4$. So the sum is about 5.4 — estimate the parts, then combine!

Answer: $\sqrt{10} + \sqrt{5} \approx 5.4$

PRACTICE

Estimate each expression, or compare the two values.

- | | | | |
|---|-------|--|-------|
| 1. $\sqrt{4} + \sqrt{9}$ | _____ | 11. 2π (nearest tenth) | _____ |
| 2. $\sqrt{16} - \sqrt{1}$ | _____ | 12. $\sqrt{15} + \sqrt{15}$ (nearest tenth) | _____ |
| 3. $\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{3}$ (nearest tenth) | _____ | 13. $\sqrt{50} - \sqrt{2}$ (nearest tenth) | _____ |
| 4. $\sqrt{8} + \sqrt{2}$ (nearest tenth) | _____ | 14. $\sqrt{36} + \pi$ (nearest tenth) | _____ |
| 5. $\sqrt{10} - \sqrt{2}$ (nearest tenth) | _____ | 15. Compare: $\sqrt{20} \square \sqrt{15}$ | _____ |
| 6. $2\sqrt{9}$ | _____ | 16. Compare: $\sqrt{2} \square 1.5$ | _____ |
| 7. $3\sqrt{16}$ | _____ | 17. Compare: $\pi \square \sqrt{10}$ | _____ |
| 8. $\sqrt{2} \cdot \sqrt{8}$ | _____ | 18. Compare: $\sqrt{7} + 1 \square \sqrt{7} + 2$ | _____ |
| 9. $\pi + 2$ (nearest tenth) | _____ | 19. $\sqrt{3} \cdot \sqrt{12}$ | _____ |
| 10. $\pi - 1$ (nearest tenth) | _____ | 20. $\frac{\sqrt{49}}{\sqrt{4}}$ | _____ |

Word Problems

21. A rectangle has a length of $\sqrt{20}$ cm and a width of $\sqrt{5}$ cm. Estimate its perimeter to the nearest tenth of a centimeter.

22. Two square tiles have areas 18 in^2 and 8 in^2 . Estimate how much longer one side of the bigger tile is than one side of the smaller tile, to the nearest tenth of an inch. _____
23. A circular tabletop has a radius of $\sqrt{2}$ ft. Using $\pi \approx 3.14$, estimate its circumference $2\pi r$ to the nearest tenth of a foot.

24. Carlos walks $\sqrt{45}$ blocks and Dana walks 7 blocks. Without a calculator, who walks farther, and how do you know? _____



Answer Keys

- | | |
|--------------------------------------|---|
| 1. <input type="text" value="5"/> | 13. <input type="text" value="5.7"/> |
| 2. <input type="text" value="3"/> | 14. <input type="text" value="9.1"/> |
| 3. <input type="text" value="3.1"/> | 15. <input type="text" value="√20 > √15"/> |
| 4. <input type="text" value="4.2"/> | 16. <input type="text" value="√2 < 1.5"/> |
| 5. <input type="text" value="1.7"/> | 17. <input type="text" value="π < √10"/> |
| 6. <input type="text" value="6"/> | 18. <input type="text" value="√7 + 1 < √7 + 2"/> |
| 7. <input type="text" value="12"/> | 19. <input type="text" value="6"/> |
| 8. <input type="text" value="4"/> | 20. <input type="text" value="7/2"/> |
| 9. <input type="text" value="5.1"/> | 21. <input type="text" value="about 13.4 cm"/> |
| 10. <input type="text" value="2.1"/> | 22. <input type="text" value="about 1.4 in"/> |
| 11. <input type="text" value="6.3"/> | 23. <input type="text" value="about 8.8 ft"/> |
| 12. <input type="text" value="7.7"/> | 24. <input type="text" value="Dana walks farther"/> |

Step-by-Step Explanations

- | | |
|---|---|
| <p>1. Both are perfect squares: $\sqrt{4} = 2$ and $\sqrt{9} = 3$, so the sum is exactly 5.</p> <p>2. $\sqrt{16} = 4$ and $\sqrt{1} = 1$, so $4 - 1 = 3$.</p> <p>3. $\sqrt{2} \approx 1.4$ and $\sqrt{3} \approx 1.7$, so the sum is about $1.4 + 1.7 = 3.1$.</p> <p>4. $\sqrt{8} \approx 2.8$ and $\sqrt{2} \approx 1.4$, so $2.8 + 1.4 = 4.2$.</p> <p>5. $\sqrt{10} \approx 3.16$ and $\sqrt{2} \approx 1.41$, so $3.16 - 1.41 \approx 1.7$.</p> <p>6. $\sqrt{9} = 3$, so $2 \times 3 = 6$.</p> <p>7. $\sqrt{16} = 4$, so $3 \times 4 = 12$.</p> <p>8. Multiplying under one radical, $\sqrt{2} \cdot \sqrt{8} = \sqrt{16} = 4$ exactly.</p> <p>9. Using $\pi \approx 3.1$, we get $3.1 + 2 = 5.1$.</p> <p>10. With $\pi \approx 3.1$, $3.1 - 1 = 2.1$.</p> <p>11. $2 \times 3.14 = 6.28$, which rounds to 6.3.</p> <p>12. $\sqrt{15} \approx 3.87$, so $3.87 + 3.87 \approx 7.7$.</p> <p>13. $\sqrt{50} \approx 7.1$ and $\sqrt{2} \approx 1.4$, so $7.1 - 1.4 = 5.7$.</p> <p>14. $\sqrt{36} = 6$ and $\pi \approx 3.1$, so $6 + 3.1 = 9.1$.</p> | <p>15. A larger number under the radical gives a larger root, and $20 > 15$, so $\sqrt{20} > \sqrt{15}$.</p> <p>16. $1.5^2 = 2.25$, which is more than 2, so $1.5 > \sqrt{2}$.</p> <p>17. $\pi \approx 3.14$ and $\sqrt{10} \approx 3.16$, so π is slightly less than $\sqrt{10}$.</p> <p>18. Both share $\sqrt{7}$, so the one with the larger added number is bigger.</p> <p>19. $\sqrt{3} \cdot \sqrt{12} = \sqrt{36} = 6$ exactly.</p> <p>20. $\sqrt{49} = 7$ and $\sqrt{4} = 2$, so the quotient is $\frac{7}{2}$.</p> <p>21. $\sqrt{20} \approx 4.5$ and $\sqrt{5} \approx 2.2$. The perimeter is $2(4.5) + 2(2.2) = 9.0 + 4.4 = 13.4$ cm.</p> <p>22. The sides are $\sqrt{18} \approx 4.2$ in and $\sqrt{8} \approx 2.8$ in. The difference is $4.2 - 2.8 = 1.4$ in.</p> <p>23. With $\sqrt{2} \approx 1.4$, the circumference is $2 \times 3.14 \times 1.4 \approx 8.8$ ft.</p> <p>24. $7 = \sqrt{49}$, and $45 < 49$, so $\sqrt{45} < 7$. That means Carlos walks less than Dana.</p> |
|---|---|



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