

Greek and Latin Roots and Affixes

Name: _____

Date: _____

Score: ____ / 10



Quick Review

Most long English words are built from smaller parts. Knowing a few Greek and Latin roots unlocks hundreds of words. **Greek roots:** auto- (self), bio- (life), graph (write), hydro- (water), micro- (small), photo- (light), tele- (far), therm- (heat), chrono- (time), geo- (earth).

Latin roots: aud- (hear), dict- (speak), port- (carry), rupt- (break), scrib/script (write), spect- (see), struct- (build), vis/vid (see), vert- (turn), tract- (pull). **Prefixes:** pre- (before), re- (again/back), sub- (under), trans- (across), dis- (not/apart), mal- (bad), post- (after), anti- (against), inter- (between). **Suffixes:** -able/-ible (can be), -less (without), -ous (full of), -tion/-sion (act/state of), -ity (quality of).

PRACTICE

Use the meaning of the root, prefix, or suffix to choose the *BEST* definition of each word.

- The word **chronological** contains the Greek root *chrono-*, meaning *time*. **Chronological** most likely means —
 - arranged by importance.
 - arranged in time order.
 - arranged alphabetically.
 - arranged by topic.
- The word **transport** contains the Latin root *port*, meaning *carry*, and the prefix *trans-*, meaning *across*. **Transport** most likely means —
 - to break apart into pieces.
 - to look across a great distance.
 - to send a message far away.
 - to carry from one place to another.
- Two words share the Greek root **bio-**: *biography* and *biology*. What does this root most likely mean?
 - life
 - writing
 - earth
 - study



4. The word **inaudible** contains the Latin root *aud*, meaning *hear*, the prefix *in-*, meaning *not*, and the suffix *-ible*, meaning *able to be*. **Inaudible** most likely means —
- A. able to be heard clearly.
 - B. loud enough to be heard.
 - C. not able to be heard.
 - D. spoken in a foreign language.
5. The word **dictate** contains the Latin root *dict*, meaning *speak* or *say*. **Dictate** most likely means —
- A. to write words by hand quickly.
 - B. to speak words for someone else to write down or follow.
 - C. to listen carefully to a teacher's words.
 - D. to argue back and forth with another person.
6. Two words share the Latin root **spect**: *inspect* and *spectator*. What does this root most likely mean?
- A. look or watch
 - B. build or make
 - C. carry or move
 - D. speak or say
7. The word **submerge** contains the prefix *sub-*, meaning *under*, and the root *merge*, meaning *dip* or *plunge*. **Submerge** most likely means —
- A. to lift up high above the surface.
 - B. to dip lightly across the top of water.
 - C. to combine two things into one.
 - D. to put completely under the surface of water.
8. Two words share the prefix **mal-**: *malfunction* and *malnourished*. What does this prefix most likely add to a word?
- A. the meaning *before*.
 - B. the meaning *between*.
 - C. the meaning *bad* or *wrong*.
 - D. the meaning *again*.
9. The word **antibiotic** is built from three parts: *anti-* (against), *bio-* (life), and *-tic* (an adjective ending). Using the meanings of the parts, explain in 2–3 sentences why doctors prescribe antibiotics. Be sure to mention what kind of *life* the word refers to.



10. Use roots and affixes to define each underlined word in 1 short sentence each. Then name the root that gives the main meaning.

(a) thermometer (b) visible (c) interrupt



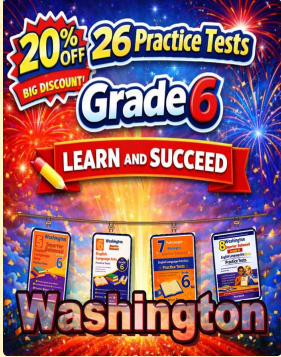
Answer Keys

<p>1 <input type="radio"/> A <input checked="" type="radio"/> B <input type="radio"/> C <input type="radio"/> D</p> <p>2 <input type="radio"/> A <input type="radio"/> B <input type="radio"/> C <input checked="" type="radio"/> D</p> <p>3 <input checked="" type="radio"/> A <input type="radio"/> B <input type="radio"/> C <input type="radio"/> D</p> <p>4 <input type="radio"/> A <input type="radio"/> B <input checked="" type="radio"/> C <input type="radio"/> D</p> <p>5 <input type="radio"/> A <input checked="" type="radio"/> B <input type="radio"/> C <input type="radio"/> D</p>	<p>6 <input checked="" type="radio"/> A <input type="radio"/> B <input type="radio"/> C <input type="radio"/> D</p> <p>7 <input type="radio"/> A <input type="radio"/> B <input type="radio"/> C <input checked="" type="radio"/> D</p> <p>8 <input type="radio"/> A <input type="radio"/> B <input checked="" type="radio"/> C <input type="radio"/> D</p> <p>9 <input type="text" value="See below"/></p> <p>10 <input type="text" value="See below"/></p>
---	--

Explanations	
1. B	<i>Chrono-</i> = <i>time</i> , so a chronological list is arranged in time order (earliest to latest, or the reverse). A, C, and D each name a real way to organize information — but they ignore the <i>chrono-</i> root, which fixes the meaning to time.
2. D	<i>Trans-</i> (across) + <i>port</i> (carry) = to carry from one place to another . A uses the wrong root (<i>rupt</i> = break). B ignores <i>port</i> and uses <i>spect-</i> (look) instead. C ignores <i>port</i> and uses <i>tele-</i> (far) plus <i>graph</i> (write/send) instead.
3. A	Both <i>biography</i> (writing about a life) and <i>biology</i> (study of living things) share the meaning life . B is the <i>graph</i> part of <i>biography</i> , not <i>bio-</i> . C is <i>geo-</i> (earth), a different root. D is the <i>-logy</i> ending of <i>biology</i> , not the shared <i>bio-</i> root.
4. C	<i>In-</i> (not) + <i>aud</i> (hear) + <i>-ible</i> (able to be) = not able to be heard . A drops the negative prefix. B reverses the meaning by ignoring <i>in-</i> . D ignores the root altogether and guesses based on sound.
5. B	<i>Dict</i> = speak , so a person who dictates speaks words for someone else to write down or follow . A uses <i>scrib/script</i> (write), the opposite role. C uses <i>aud</i> (hear), the listener's role. D names a verbal exchange but loses the one-way <i>speak-and-record</i> meaning.
6. A	An inspector looks at things closely; a spectator watches a game. The shared meaning is look or watch . B is <i>struct</i> (build). C is <i>port</i> (carry). D is <i>dict</i> (speak). Students sometimes mix up <i>spect</i> with <i>spec</i> in <i>specific</i> — that is a different word family.
7. D	<i>Sub-</i> (under) + <i>merge</i> (dip/plunge) = to put completely under the surface . A reverses the prefix <i>sub-</i> with <i>super-</i> (above). B drops the <i>sub-</i> and treats the action as surface-level only. C grabs another meaning of <i>merge</i> (combine) but ignores the water root altogether.
8. C	A <i>malfunction</i> is when something works badly; a <i>malnourished</i> animal is fed badly. The prefix mal- means bad or wrong . A is <i>pre-</i> . B is <i>inter-</i> . D is <i>re-</i> . Each distractor is a real prefix — just not the one shared by these two words.
9.	Answer: <i>Antibiotic</i> literally means <i>against life</i> . The <i>life</i> it acts against is <i>bacterial life</i> — tiny living organisms that can cause infection. Doctors prescribe antibiotics to fight bacterial infections by killing the bacteria or stopping their growth, while leaving the patient's own cells alone.
10.	Answer: (a) A <i>thermometer</i> is a tool that measures heat or temperature; the main root is <i>therm-</i> (heat). (b) Something <i>visible</i> is able to be seen; the main root is <i>vis-</i> (see). (c) To <i>interrupt</i> someone is to break in between their words or actions; the main root is <i>rupt-</i> (break), with the prefix <i>inter-</i> (between).



Want Even More Practice? Check Out Our Other Washington Smarter Balanced ELA Test Books!




Washington Smarter Balanced Grade 6 ELA Preparation Bundle

26 full-length practice tests across four books (5 + 6 + 7 + 8)

No repeated questions — maximum practice value!

▼ DOWNLOAD INSTANTLY ▼



SCAN ME

Point your phone camera at the code · instant access to all four books

26 Tests!
4 Books
One Bundle

Important: All our test books contain **unique, completely different tests** from each other! Each book offers fresh practice questions — no repeats!

5 Practice Tests	6 Practice Tests	7 Practice Tests	8 Practice Tests
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ 5 complete practice tests with detailed explanations ✓ Perfect foundation for Smarter Balanced ELA prep ✓ Builds confidence and test-taking skills ✓ High-quality questions aligned with standards <p>Start your practice journey!</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ 6 complete practice tests with detailed explanations ✓ Unique tests — different from the 5 tests book ✓ Perfect for more practice after mastering 5 tests ✓ Same high-quality questions aligned with standards <p>Take your practice to the next level!</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ 7 complete practice tests for deeper preparation ✓ Unique tests — different from 5 and 6 tests books ✓ Builds stamina with full-length practice ✓ Aligned to Grade 6 Smarter Balanced ELA standards <p>Maximum preparation power!</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ 8 complete practice tests — our largest book ✓ Unique tests — different from 5, 6 and 7 books ✓ Great for final review before test day ✓ Builds true test stamina and confidence <p>Be fully prepared!</p>

Get the bundle at [EffortlessMath.com](https://www.EffortlessMath.com) — scan the QR code above to open the product page.

