

Pictographs and Bar Graphs

Pictographs use pictures (each picture stands for a number) and bar graphs use bars (each bar's height stands for a number). Both ways display data so you can compare quickly.


Graph Type	How to read
Pictograph	Count the pictures and multiply by the key ($\star = 2$ means $4 \star = 8$)
Bar graph	Read the height of each bar against the scale on the side

Key Concepts

1. A **pictograph** uses a small picture to stand for a quantity. The *key* tells you what each picture is worth.
2. A **bar graph** uses rectangular bars; the height (or length) of each bar shows how big that category is.
3. To compare two categories, look at the difference. “How many more” usually means subtraction.
4. For pictographs, always multiply by the key. “5 stars” and “each star = 2” means $5 \times 2 = 10$.

Worked Examples

① From the bar graph: how many students voted for Dog?

 Look at the height of the Dog bar against the side scale. Say it reaches 7. Then 7 students voted for Dog.

 **Answer:** 7

② How many more students chose Dog than Fish?

 Subtract the two counts. Say Dog = 7 and Fish = 2: $7 - 2 = 5$ more for Dog.

 **Answer:** 5 more

③ What is the total number of votes?

 Add up all categories. If the bars are 7, 5, 4, 2 then the total is $7 + 5 + 4 + 2 = 18$.

 **Answer:** 18

Practice Problems

Use the imagined chart values to answer.

1. Which pet got the most votes? _____
2. Which pet got the fewest votes? _____
3. How many voted for Cat? _____
4. How many more chose Cat than Fish?

5. Total votes for Cat and Fish? _____
6. If 2 more students vote Dog, new total?

7. In a pictograph, each $\star = 2$. $4 \star = ?$

8. Each ★ = 5. 3 ★ = ? _____
9. Each ★ = 2. Half a ★ = ? _____
10. Bar reaches 8. Another reaches 5. Difference? _____
11. Bar A: 7, Bar B: 4, Bar C: 9. Total? _____
12. Bar A: 7, Bar C: 9. How many more for C? _____

Study Tips

- 👉 Always check the *key* on a pictograph first. “Each picture = 2” is different from “each picture = 5.”
- 👉 For “how many more,” subtract the smaller from the larger.
- 👉 For totals, add every category.

Word Problems

1. A pictograph shows: Soccer = 5 balls, Baseball = 3 balls. Each ball = 2 students. How many more students like soccer?

Answer: _____

2. A bar graph shows 8 red cars, 5 blue cars, and 7 white cars. How many cars were counted in all?

Answer: _____

Answer Key — with Friendly Explanations**Practice Problems**

1. The tallest bar wins. (Example answer: Dog.)

 **Answer:** *Dog*

2. The shortest bar. (Example: Fish.)

 **Answer:** *Fish*

3. Read the Cat bar value. (Example: 5.)

 **Answer:** 5

4. Cat – Fish. (Example: $5 - 2 = 3$.)

 **Answer:** 3 *more*

5. Cat + Fish. (Example: $5 + 2 = 7$.)

 **Answer:** 7

6. Old Dog total +2. (Example: $7 + 2 = 9$.)

 **Answer:** 9

7. $4 \times 2 = 8$.

 **Answer:** 8

8. $3 \times 5 = 15$.

 **Answer:** 15

9. Half of 2 = 1.

 **Answer:** 1

10. $8 - 5 = 3$.

 **Answer:** 3

11. $7 + 4 + 9 = 20$.

 **Answer:** 20

12. $9 - 7 = 2$.

 **Answer:** 2 *more*

Word Problems

1. Soccer 10 vs Baseball 6: 4 more for soccer.

 **Answer:** 4 *more*

2. $8 + 5 + 7 = 20$ cars total.

 **Answer:** 20 *cars*

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